

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier 3M(TM) Rubber & Vinyl 80 Spray Adhesive

Product Identification Numbers 62-4996-4955-6

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Adhesive aerosol.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

| Address: | 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113 |
|------------|---|
| Telephone: | 136 136 |
| E Mail: | productinfo.au@mmm.com |
| Website: | www.3m.com.au |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1. Gas Under Pressure: Dissolved gas. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word

DANGER!

Symbols

Flame | Gas cylinder | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



| Hazard statements | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. | | |
| H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. | | |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. | | |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. | | |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system sensory organs | | |
| Precautionary statements General: | | | |
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. | | |
| P103 | Read label before use. | | |
| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. | | |
| Prevention: | | | |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. | | |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. | | |
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. | | |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. | | |
| P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use. | | |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. | | |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. | | |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required. | | |
| Response: | | | |
| P304 + P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. | | |
| P308 + P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. | | |
| Storage: | | | |
| P410 + P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. | | |
| P403 + P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. | | |
| P405 | Store locked up. | | |
| Disposal: P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable | | |
| | | | |

local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

3M Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May be harmful if inhaled. Toxic to aquatic life.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | % by Weight |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | 30 - 40 |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | 25 - 35 |
| Non-hazardous components | Trade Secret | 10 - 30 |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | 10 - 20 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 3 - 7 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 64742-48-9 | 1 - 5 |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Formaldehyde **Condition**

During combustion.

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. During combustion. During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

Hazchem Code: 2YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. WARNING ! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | Agency | Limit type | Additional comments |
|------------|----------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | | carcin |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Australia OELs | TWA(8 hours):191 mg/m3(50 | SKIN |
| | | | ppm);STEL(15 minutes):574 | |
| | | | mg/m3(150 ppm) | |

| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm | |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Australia OELs | TWA(8 hours):350 | |
| | | | mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15 | |
| | | | minutes):1050 mg/m3(300 | |
| | | | ppm) | |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | AIHA | TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | Australia OELs | TWA(8 hours):760 | |
| | | | mg/m3(400 ppm);STEL(15 | |
| | | | minutes):950 mg/m3(500 ppm) | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), | 64742-48-9 | Manufacturer | TWA:100 ppm | |
| hydrotreated heavy | | determined | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | ACGIH | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Australia OELs | TWA(8 hours):606 | |
| | | | mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15 | |
| | | | minutes):757 mg/m3(250 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following

respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure: Full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours. Organic vapour respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| . Information on basic physical and chemical property | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Appearance/Odour | Clear to Yellow sweet fruity |
| Odour threshold | No data available. |
| рН | Not applicable. |
| Melting point/Freezing point | Not applicable. |
| Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range | Not applicable. |
| Flash point | -41.1 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue Open Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | 1.9 [<i>Ref Std</i> :ETHER=1] |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | No data available. |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | No data available. |
| Vapour pressure | Not applicable. |
| Vapour density | > 1 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1] |
| Density | 0.835 g/ml |
| Relative density | 0.835 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] |
| Water solubility | Negligible |
| Solubility- non-water | No data available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | No data available. |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not applicable. |
| Viscosity | Not applicable. |
| Molecular weight | No data available. |
| Volatile organic compounds (VOC) | <=714 g/l [Details:EU VOC content] |
| Percent volatile | 85.5 % weight |
| VOC less H2O & exempt solvents | <=631 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| VOC less H2O & exempt solvents | <=5.27 lb/gal [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| VOC less H2O & exempt solvents | <=53.6 % [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2] |
| Solids content | 10 - 20 % |
| | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid Heat. Sparks and/or flames.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products <u>Substance</u>

None known.

Condition

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision. Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Olfactory effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and complete loss of smell. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 |
| | | | mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation-Vapour(4 | | No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 |
| | hr) | | mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 |
| | | | mg/kg |
| Methyl Acetate | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 49 mg/l |
| Methyl Acetate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation-Gas (4 | Rat | LC50 164,000 ppm |
| | hours) | | |
| Cyclohexane | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation-Vapour (4 | Rat | LC50 > 32.9 mg/l |
| | hours) | | |
| Cyclohexane | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,200 mg/kg |
| Toluene | Dermal | Rat | LD50 12,000 mg/kg |
| Toluene | Inhalation-Vapour (4 | Rat | LC50 30 mg/l |
| | hours) | | |
| Toluene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,550 mg/kg |
| Non-hazardous components | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Non-hazardous components | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | Inhalation-Vapour | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| heavy | _ | | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| heavy | | | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| heavy | | | |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Methyl Acetate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Cyclohexane | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Toluene | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Rabbit | Irritant |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------|---------------------------|
| Methyl Acetate | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Cyclohexane | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Toluene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Skin Sensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Methyl Acetate | Human | Not sensitizing |
| Toluene | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
|---|------------|-----------------|
|---|------------|-----------------|

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|---|----------|--|
| | | |
| Methyl Acetate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Methyl Acetate | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Dimethyl Ether | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Dimethyl Ether | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Cyclohexane | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Cyclohexane | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Toluene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|------------|------------------|--|
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Toluene | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | Ingestion | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Inhalation | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|----------------|------------|--|---------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | Not toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 40,000 ppm | during organogenesis |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 24 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 24 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Cyclohexane | * | | Rat | NOAEL 6.9 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Toluene | | | Rat | NOAEL 2.3 mg/l | 1 generation |

| | | classification | | | |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------|-------|-----------|------------------|
| Toluene | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | LOAEL 520 | during gestation |
| | | | | mg/kg/day | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Toxic to development | Human | NOAEL Not | poisoning and/or |
| | | | | available | abuse |
| Naphtha (petroleum), | Inhalation | Not toxic to | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 | during |
| hydrotreated heavy | | development | | mg/l | organogenesis |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------|------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | blindness | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Rat | LOAEL 10,000 ppm | 30 minutes |
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog | NOAEL 100,000 ppm | 5 minutes |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Cyclohexane | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | immune system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 0.004 mg/l | 3 hours |
| Toluene | Ingestion | central nervous | May cause | Human | NOAEL Not | poisoning and/or |

| | | system depression | drowsiness or dizziness | | available | abuse |
|--|------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Inhalation | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------|------------|---|--|---------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 28 days |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 6.1 mg/l | 28 days |
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 25,000 ppm | 2 years |
| Dimethyl Ether | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 20,000 ppm | 30 weeks |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 24 mg/l | 90 days |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | auditory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.7 mg/l | 90 days |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rabbit | NOAEL 2.7 mg/l | 10 weeks |

| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 24 mg/l | 14 weeks |
|-------------|------------|---|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | peripheral nervous system | All data are negative | Rat | NOAEL 8.6 mg/l | 30 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | auditory system nervous system eyes olfactory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Toluene | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 2.3 mg/l | 15 months |
| Toluene | Inhalation | heart liver kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 11.3 mg/l | 15 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | immune system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL Not available | 20 days |
| Toluene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system vascular system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Toluene | Ingestion | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | heart | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | 14 days |

| Toluene | Ingestion | endocrine | Some positive | Mouse | NOAEL 105 | 28 days |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| | | system | data exist, but the data are not | | mg/kg/day | |
| | | | sufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| Toluene | Ingestion | immune system | Some positive | Mouse | NOAEL 105 | 4 weeks |
| | | | data exist, but the data are not | | mg/kg/day | |
| | | | sufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| Naphtha | Inhalation | nervous system | Some positive | Rat | LOAEL 4.6 | 6 months |
| (petroleum), | | | data exist, but the | | mg/l | |
| hydrotreated | | | data are not | | | |
| heavy | | | sufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| Naphtha | Inhalation | kidney and/or | Some positive | Rat | LOAEL 1.9 | 13 weeks |
| (petroleum), | | bladder | data exist, but the | | mg/l | |
| hydrotreated heavy | | | data are not sufficient for | | | |
| neavy | | | classification | | | |
| Naphtha | Inhalation | respiratory | Some positive | Multiple | NOAEL 0.6 | 90 days |
| (petroleum), | | system | data exist, but the | animal species | mg/l | |
| hydrotreated | | - | data are not | | | |
| heavy | | | sufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| Naphtha | Inhalation | bone, teeth, | All data are | Rat | NOAEL 5.6 | 12 weeks |
| (petroleum), | | nails, and/or hair | negative | | mg/l | |
| hydrotreated heavy | | blood liver muscles | | | | |
| Naphtha | Inhalation | heart | All data are | Multiple | NOAEL 1.3 | 90 days |
| (petroleum), | maiation | incurt | negative | animal species | mg/l | 20 days |
| hydrotreated | | | megunite | annu species | | |
| heavy | | | | | | |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|---|-------------------|
| Cyclohexane | Aspiration hazard |
| Toluene | Aspiration hazard |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Aspiration hazard |

Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects

Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard: Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

| Material | CAS Number | Organism | Туре | Exposure | Test endpoint | Test result |
|--|--------------|----------------------|--|----------|---------------|--------------|
| Non-hazardous components | Trade Secret | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 320 mg/l |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 1,026.7 mg/l |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 3.78 mg/l |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 12.5 mg/l |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Coho Salmon | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 5.5 mg/l |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Sheepshead Minnow | Experimental | 28 days | NOEC | 3.2 mg/l |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | Guppy | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | >4,000 mg/l |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | >4,000 mg/l |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 64742-48-9 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 3.4 mg/l |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.9 mg/l |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 4.53 mg/l |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS Number | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Experimental | | Photolytic half- | 5.38 days (t | Other methods |
| | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | 1/2) | |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | Experimental | | Photolytic half- | 10.77 days (t | Other methods |
| | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | 1/2) | |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Experimental | | Photolytic half- | 4.14 days (t | Other methods |
| | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | 1/2) | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Experimental | | Photolytic half- | 1.8 hours (t | Other methods |
| | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | 1/2) | |
| Naphtha | 64742-48-9 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (petroleum), | | available or | | | | |
| hydrotreated | | insufficient for | | | | |
| heavy | | classification | | | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Experimental | 14 days | BOD | 74 % weight | OECD 301D - Closed |
| | | Biodegradation | | | | bottle test |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Experimental | 14 days | BOD | 100 % weight | OECD 301C - MITI |
| | | Biodegradation | | | | test (I) |
| Non-hazardous | Trade Secret | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| components | | available or | | | | |
| | | insufficient for | | | | |
| | | classification | | | | |

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | CAS Number | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Naphtha | 64742-48-9 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (petroleum), | | available or | | | | |
| hydrotreated | | insufficient for | | | | |
| heavy | | classification | | | | |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | Experimental | 56 days | Bioaccumulatio | <129 | Other methods |
| | | BCF-Carp | | n factor | | |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Experimental | | Log Kow | 2.73 | Other methods |
| | | Bioconcentrati | | | | |
| | | on | | | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | Experimental | | Log Kow | 0.18 | Other methods |
| | | Bioconcentrati | | | | |
| | | on | | | | |
| Dimethyl Ether | 115-10-6 | Experimental | | Log Kow | 0.2 | Other methods |
| | | Bioconcentrati | | | | |
| | | on | | | | |
| Non-hazardous | Trade Secret | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| components | | available or | | | | |
| | | insufficient for | | | | |
| | | classification | | | | |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable. Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply Hazchem Code: 2YE IERG: 49

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable. Marine Pollutant: Not applicable. Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:

The addition of Magnesium to neoprene rubber was intended to impart a chelating function and therefore is excluded from notification under the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au