

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Adhesive Sealant 760 UV, White, Gray, and Black

### **Product Identification Numbers**

5278-8533-9, 62-5279-3932-6, 62-5279-3936-7, 62-5279-5233-7, 62-5279-5237-8 7000121496, 7000046611, 7000046609, 7100171408, 7100160450, 7100139501, 7010330427, 7100139449, 7010367906, 7100097767, 7010367908, 7100143555

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

### **Recommended use**

One component sealant without isocyanates which forms permanent elastic bonds., Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details	
<b>MANUFACTURER:</b>	3M
<b>DIVISION:</b>	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Danger

**Symbols** Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

### **Pictograms**



### **Hazard Statements**

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### **Precautionary Statements**

## **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wear protective gloves. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### **Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Storage:**

Store locked up.

## Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## **Supplemental Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	25 - 45 Trade Secret *
Polyether	75009-88-0	20 - 30 Trade Secret *
Diisodecyl Phthalate	68515-49-1	5 - 15 Trade Secret *
Limestone	1317-65-3	< 15 Trade Secret *
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	< 15 Trade Secret *
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	< 3 Trade Secret *
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	< 2 Trade Secret *
Fatty Acids, C16-18	67701-03-5	< 2 Trade Secret *
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	70775-94-9	< 2 Trade Secret *
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	1760-24-3	< 1 Trade Secret *
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	54068-28-9	< 1 Trade Secret *
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	2768-02-7	< 1 Trade Secret *
Hindered Amine	63843-89-0	< 0.2 Trade Secret *
Copper	7440-50-8	< 0.005 Trade Secret *

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Gas	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat. Store away from amines.

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	ACGIH	TWA:2 mg/m3	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	OSHA	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Limestone	1317-65-3	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, inhalable particles	1317-65-3	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable particulates):10 mg/m3	
Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, respirable particles	1317-65-3	ACGIH	TWA(respirable particles):3 mg/m3	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	OSHA	TWA:3.5 mg/m3	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
DUST, INERT OR NUISANCE	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(as total dust):50 millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 mg/m3);TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):15 millions of particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3)	

Limestone	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, inhalable particles	471-34-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable particulates):10 mg/m3	
Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, respirable particles	471-34-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable particles):3 mg/m3	
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	54068-28-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3;STEL(as Sn):0.2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin, SKIN
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	54068-28-9	OSHA	TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3	
Copper	7440-50-8	OSHA	TWA(as Cu, fume):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as Cu dust or mist):1 mg/m3	
COPPER, DUSTS AND MISTS,	7440-50-8	ACGIH	TWA(as Cu dust or mist):1	
AS CU			mg/m3	
COPPER, FUME AS CU	7440-50-8	ACGIH	TWA(as Cu, fume):0.2 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## **8.2.2.** Personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

## Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used:Nitrile Rubber

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

## **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid
Color	Multicolor
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Odor	Slight Polyether
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point	No Data Available
Boiling Point	> 120 °C
Flash Point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Classified
Flammable Limits(LEL)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(UEL)	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	5 [ <i>Test Method</i> :Estimated] [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	1.61 g/m3
Specific Gravity	1.6 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0 % weight
Molecular weight	Not Applicable
Percent volatile	1 % weight
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	16.1 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	1 % [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2]
1 I	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

**10.2.** Chemical stability Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Heat

**10.5. Incompatible materials** Alcohols Water Amines

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

None known.

### Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

### Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

## **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Additional Health Effects:**

### **Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

### **Additional Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Polyether	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Limestone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist (4 hours)		
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Disodecyl Phthalate	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 12.5 mg/l
Disouce yr r innaiate	Dust/Mist	Rat	12.5 mg/1
	(4 hours)		
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 9,700 mg/kg
Calcium Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
Calcium Oxide	Dermal	similar	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
		compoun	
		ds	
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,260 mg/kg
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Inhalation- Vapor (4	Rat	LC50 16.8 mg/l
	hours)		
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,120 mg/kg
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysily1)propy1]-	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 >1.49, <2.44 mg/l
,	Dust/Mist		·····, ·······························
	(4 hours)		
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,897 mg/kg
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hindered Amine	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 3,170 mg/kg
Hindered Amine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,490 mg/kg
Copper	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Copper	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.11 mg/l
	Dust/Mist (4 hours)		
	$(/ h_{ourg})$		

## ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Calcium Oxide	Human	Corrosive
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hindered Amine	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Copper	Rabbit	No significant irritation

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	In vitro	No significant irritation
	data	
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Calcium Oxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Rabbit	Corrosive
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hindered Amine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Copper	Rabbit	Mild irritant

### **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Titanium Dioxide	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Multiple	Sensitizing
	animal	
	species	
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Mouse	Sensitizing
Hindered Amine	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

### Photosensitization

Name	Species	Value
Hindered Amine	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	

## **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Diisodecyl Phthalate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Diisodecyl Phthalate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Calcium Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Fatty Acids, C16-18	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hindered Amine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hindered Amine	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

## Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

## **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Limestone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 927 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 929 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	42 days
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1.8 mg/l	during organogenesi

					S
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	28 days
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	Ingestion	Toxic to development	similar compoun ds	NOAEL not available	premating into lactation
Hindered Amine	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hindered Amine	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	36 days
Hindered Amine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

# Target Organ(s)

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
						Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 minutes
					0.812 mg/l	
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 minutes
					0.812 mg/l	
Calcium Oxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Not	NOAEL Not	occupational
				available	available	exposure
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	similar	NOAEL Not	
(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-			data are not sufficient for	health	available	
			classification	hazards		

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Inhalation	respiratory system   hematopoietic system   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 weeks
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 generation
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 686 mg/kg/day	90 days
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder   heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Diisodecyl Phthalate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 320 mg/kg/day	90 days
Fatty Acids, C16-18	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	42 days
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

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Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL mg/l	14 weeks
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	14 weeks
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	40 days
Vinyltrimethoxysilane	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	40 days
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Dermal	skin   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,545 mg/kg/day	11 days
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Inhalation	respiratory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.015 mg/l	90 days
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.044 mg/l	90 days
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetona te)	Ingestion	immune system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compoun ds	NOAEL not available	
Hindered Amine	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day	36 days

## **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the

available treatment and disposal facilities.

## EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## **15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact manufacturer for more information

## **EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

Physical Hazards

Not applicable

Health Hazards	
Reproductive toxicity	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	

### Additional TSCA Information

Components	CAS No	Additional Information
Dioctyltinbis(acetylacetonate)	54068-28-9	Allowed use(s): Catalyst. Required exposure controls when
		handling the LVE substance: Use in a well-ventilated area/
		Appropriate general dilution and/or local exhaust ventilation;
		Gloves composed of material as determined by results of
		exposure assessment; sufficently protective workclothes.
		Required environmental release controls for the LVE
		substance: Wastes and cleanup materials may be incinerated in
		a permitted facility or landfill.

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

## **15.3.** Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. One or more of the components in this material is not listed on the TSCA inventory, but is approved for specific commercial use(s) under a US EPA low volume exemption.

Contact manufacturer for more information

## **15.4. International Regulations**

Contact manufacturer for more information

## This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## NFPA Hazard Classification

## Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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